OPERATION
AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

FOR PORTABLE TYPEWRITER

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Although the operation of the portable typewriter is very simple, we do recommend that you study these instructions so that you can take full advantage of all that the machine can do and be able to have it in good condition for many years to come.

It is both simple and efficient, practical yet beautiful. Its size and weight are less than any other such machine. It has both a light touch and a uniform legibility to equal that of the normal "standard" machine.

This portable typewriter will be your faithful companion — now learn all you can about it and you will be well repaid.
PREPARING THE TYPEWRITER FOR TYPING

After taking out the typewriter from the case, lift the line space lever (19) into its upper position. Press the small chromium-plated projecting button of the auxiliary paper rest (4) placed in the centre behind the paper rest which will raise the auxiliary paper rest.

TECHNICAL DATA

- **Number of keys**: 42
- **Paper length**: 240 mm (9 1/4")
- **Platen diameter**: 32.5 mm (1.275")
- **Typewriter size (with case)**: 310 x 315 x 75 mm (12" x 12 1/4" x 3")
- **Pica size**: 2.6 mm
- **Elite size**: 2.08 mm
- **Shift**: 6.7 mm
  - One-colored, width 1.3 mm: 0.511"
  - Automatic rewinding
- **Typewriter weight (with case)**: about 4.5 kg (10 lbs.)
  - Typewriter weight (without case): 3.4 kg (7 1/4 lbs.)
INSERTING AND ADJUSTING PAPER

Insert the sheet of paper behind the platen (2) on the paper rest (6) so that its bottom edge reaches the hold down rollers (4). By turning the platen shift the paper into the desired position.

The paper should pass under the paper bar (3) and above the paper erasing table (5).

Should it be required to adjust the paper, release it by deflecting the paper feed release lever (7) forwards and adjust it. After replacing the paper feed release lever (7) to its normal position, the paper is held by the platen again.

ADJUSTING THE LEFT AND RIGHT MARGINS

This is carried out by manually adjustable margin stops (1) placed behind the paper rest. When the button is pressed, the left margin stop is released and can be shifted to the desired position for the beginning of the line. This is also applicable to the right hand margin stop.
LINE SPACE ADJUSTING

The line spacer (22) is placed on the left side of the carriage. On its top there is a red line which on the scale placed on the left arm of the paper bar (3) indicates the line space adjusted by the line spacer. The line spacer can be adjusted to 1, 1½ or 2 normal lines.

If you wish to type without using line spacing (e.g., when filling-in forms), hold the right knob of the platen and by turning the platen release lever (21) backwards disengage the line spacing. Now, the platen can be turned by hand to the required position.

Should it be required to use line spacing again, the platen release lever must be tightened by turning it forwards.

THE PAPER BOTTOM EDGE MARKER

The paper bottom edge marker (23) is placed on the left side of the platen. It indicates the distance of the line just typed from the bottom edge of the paper, so that the paper is not allowed to fall out from the typewriter. By using it, the customary checking of the distance by backwinding the paper is not necessary.

The paper bottom edge marker is adjusted until the distance from the last typed line to the bottom edge is 2 cm. Turn the platen until number 28 on the red-white ring (A) is under the bottom edge of the marker.

Insert the regular sheet of paper behind the platen so that it reaches the hold down rollers. By turning the platen the paper is shifted to the first line and typing can begin. When approaching the bottom edge of the paper watch out for the ring. The length of the red strip on the ring under the marker indicates the distance of the line from the bottom edge of the paper. When number 28 appears under the marker, the line just typed is at a distance of approx. 1 inch from the bottom edge of the paper.

Whatever the size step typing as soon as number 28 appears under the marker!
ADJUSTING THE LINE

If there is a need for reinserting the typed paper into the machine, e.g., when correcting mistakes etc., the following information will be useful in order to place the paper in position:

Horizontal adjusting: Release the paper by paper bar release lever (7) and shift the paper until the centres of the types (type m in particular) are against the lines on the line gauge (20) and the bottom edge of the line is parallel to the line gauge.

Vertical adjusting: Disengage line spacing by turning the platen release lever (21) backwards. Then by turning the platen shift the bottom edge of the line close above the line gauge.

USING THE LINE GAUGE (20) FOR DRAWING LINES

Horizontal lining is carried out by inserting the pencil point into the hole of the line gauge, pressing the carriage escapement lever (8) and moving the carriage.

Vertical lining: Release the platen (21) and line by turning the platen.
CARRIAGE BACK SPACING

By pressing the back spacer key (14), the carriage is shifted one space back. For shifting the carriage to the left, use the carriage escapement lever (8).

TYPING OF CAPITAL LETTERS

Press the shift key (16) for single capital letters. When requiring continuous typing of capital letters, secure the shift lock (15) (this is released by pressing the shift key (16)).

TYPING BEYOND THE ADJUSTED MARGIN STOPS

The margin bell will ring seven spaces before the adjusted end of the line is reached. If you wish to type further without adjusting your right-hand margin, depress the margin release key (13). The margin release key (15) is also used when it is necessary to type in front of the adjusted left-hand margin.

LIFTING AND REPLACING THE TOP COVER

It is necessary to remove the top cover frequently in order to change the ribbon and clean the type faces. Shift the carriage to the left until the fine space lever is away from the top cover (13). Pull the cover upwards and after overcoming the force of spring, the cover is removed. When replacing the cover, put it into its original position and press it downwards. The spring retainer will latch and secure the cover against falling out.
RIBBON MOTION REVERSING

The ribbon should pass between the pins of ribbon reverse lever (12). Then the ribbon winds automatically from one spool to the other, and back again. In the case of need, e.g. when changing the ribbon, the motion of the ribbon can also be reversed manually. By setting the left ribbon reverse lever (12) towards the operator, the direction of ribbon winding is set from the right to the left spool; by setting the right ribbon reverse lever (12) towards the operator, the direction is set from the left to the right spool. If the top cover is on these projects from it the ribbon reverse lever of the spool from which the ribbon is being wound off.

RIBBON CHANGE

When changing the used-up ribbon, follow the following instructions: Remove the top cover of the typewriter, slip off the ribbon from the ribbon guide (9), deflect the ribbon braking spring (11) and take out the spools with the ribbon from the typewriter. Suspend the loose end of the new ribbon on the hook of the empty spool. Then deflect the ribbon braking springs and put both spools on the spool shafts so that the ribbon is wound on the left spool by turning to the left, and on the right one by turning to the right. Then suspend the new ribbon on the ribbon guide and slip it through the guiding pins of both ribbon reverse levers.

PREPARING THE TYPEWRITER FOR INSERTION INTO THE CASE

Depress the auxiliary paper rest (4) to the right until it stays without holding. Shift the carriage to the left, and press the line space lever (19) to the right and then into its lower position. The line space lever is held in this position by a spring retainer. Then shift the carriage to the right until the line space lever is against the cover of the typewriter. The typewriter is now ready for insertion into the case.
CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE OF THE TYPEWRITER

The portable typewriter is simple, efficient, well-constructed, and of good workmanship. To ensure its long-lasting high efficiency, it is necessary to protect it against its main enemies: dust, dirt and rubber waste.

By careless erasing, the rubber waste falls into the typewriter (mainly into the slots of the type bar lever segment) and damages its mechanism. This may cause defects and premature wear.

Therefore, when erasing, lift the paper bar (3) into its upper position and shift the platen until the place of erasing is on the paper erasing table (5). Shift the carriage to the left or to the right so that the rubber waste falls outside the typewriter.

Clean the type faces with a brush or a plastic rubber. When cleaning, put a cloth or a sheet of paper under the type faces so that the dirt does not fall from the type faces into the typewriter.

Clean the rubber rollers and the lacquered parts of the typewriter with a dry cloth. Remove the dust and impurities from the other surface parts with a brush.

LUBRICATING

Lubricate only the prismatic grooves on which the carriage moves, the line space lever, the platen bearings with a few drops of oil.

We recommend that the typewriter is serviced periodically by an expert. Remember the guarantee — do not repair any defects yourselves but use our expert service!